

## GLAGOLI STANJA (State / Stative verbs)

Glagole stanja oziroma statične glagole najpogosteje uporabljamo le v časih, ki jih v angleščini označujemo kot **SIMPLE** časi (present simple, past simple, present perfect simple, past perfect simple, itd.).

Glagolov stanja, razen izjem (spodaj), ne moremo uporabljati v **CONTINUOUS** časih (present continuous, past continuous, present perfect continuous, past perfect continuous, itd.).

Glagoli stanja jih imenujemo zato, ker opisujejo stanje. Druga, večja skupina, so glagoli, s katerimi opisujemo dogajanje oziroma dejanja. To so dinamični glagoli. Pri teh glagolih si lahko predstavljamo neko gibanje (cook, drive, write, run itd.).

### Glagoli stanja:

1. **Izražanje čustev:** like, love, hate, prefer, want...
2. **Čutne zaznave:** see, hear, smell, taste, feel
3. **Miselni procesi:** know, believe, understand, forget, agree, forgive, doubt, guess...
4. **Stanja:** belong, own, have, contain, weigh, owe, fit...

GLAGOL	PRAVILNO	NEPRAVILNO
agree	I don't agree with him.	I'm not agreeing with him.
appear	It appears she left.	It's appearing she left.
believe	Do you believe in God?	Are you believing in God?
belong	The book belongs to Joe.	The book is belonging to Joe.
concern	It doesn't concern you.	It isn't concerning you.
consist	Air consists of some gases.	Air is consisting of some gases.
contain	Does it contain any sugar?	Is it containing any sugar?
depend	It depends on Peter.	It is depending on Peter.
deserve	I don't deserve you.	I'm not deserving you.
disagree	We disagree on politics.	We are disagreeing on politics.
dislike	I dislike cabbage.	I'm disliking cabbage.
doubt	I doubt your words.	I'm doubting your words.
feel (mnenje)	I feel it's a bad idea.	I'm feeling it's a bad idea.

fit	The jacket doesn't fit me.	The jacket isn't fitting me.
hate	I don't hate snakes.	I'm not hating snakes.
hear	Do you hear me?	Are you hearing me?
imagine	I imagine you read a lot.	I'm imagining you read a lot.
impress	Jane impresses by me.	Jane is impressing me.
include	The show includes comedy.	The show is including comedy.
involve	It involves some travelling.	It is involving some travelling.
know	I know the answer.	I'm knowing the answer.
like	Do you like opera?	Are you liking opera?
love	William loves his wife.	William is loving his wife.
matter	It matters a lot.	It is mattering a lot.
mean	What do you mean?	What are you meaning?
measure	The phone measures 9 cm.	The phone is measuring 9 cm.
mind	I don't mind the music.	I'm not minding the music.
need	She needed you before.	She was needing you before.
owe	We owe Brian 300 Euros.	We are owing Brian 300 Euros.
own	She owns a house.	She is owning a house.
prefer	They prefer green tea.	They are preferring green tea.
promise	I promise to come soon.	I'm promising to come soon.
realise	She didn't realise the severity of the problem.	She wasn't realising the severity of the problem.
recognise	I didn't recognise you.	I wasn't recognising you.
remember	Do you remember Robert?	Are you remembering Robert?
seem	She seems healthy.	She is seeming healthy.
sound	You sound a bit sad.	You are sounding a bit sad.
suppose	I suppose you are right.	I'm supposing you are right.
surprise	Ben surprised me.	Ben was surprising me.
understand	She doesn't understand me.	She isn't understanding me.
want	I want a new bicycle.	I'm wanting a new bicycle.
weigh	A cat weighs 5 kg.	A cat is weighing 5 kg.
wish	I wish to see him again.	I'm wishing to see him again.

Nekateri glagoli so lahko statični ali dinamični, odvisno od tega, na kakšen način jih uporabimo:

<b>BE</b>	<p>Glagol Be je ponavadi statični glagol, če ga uporabimo v continuous načinu, pomeni "trenutno se vesti na ta način".</p> <p>You are lazy. – to je del tvoje osebnosti, takšen si</p> <p>You are being lazy. – trenutno se obnašaš na tak način</p>
<b>have</b>	<p>Have (<b>statičen</b>) – imeti, posedovati</p> <p>I have a new phone.</p> <p>Have (<b>dinamičen</b>) – del fraz, kjer nima pomena "imeti".</p> <p>We are having a good time / a picnic / lunch / a shower / tea.</p>
<b>see</b>	<p>See (<b>statičen</b>) – videti, razumeti</p> <p>I see a bird outside.</p> <p>Ah, I see your point.</p> <p>See (<b>dinamičen</b>) – srečati se z nekom, imeti razmerje</p> <p>I'm seeing my friend tomorrow.</p> <p>How long have you been seeing Sarah?</p>
<b>taste</b> (in <b>smell,</b> <b>feel, look</b> )	<p>Taste (<b>statičen</b>) – je določenega okusa (hrana)</p> <p>The cake tastes delicious.</p> <p>Taste (<b>dinamičen</b>) – dejanje okušanja</p> <p>Can you taste the soup to see if it has enough salt?</p>
<b>think</b>	<p>Think (<b>statičen</b>) – imeti mnenje</p> <p>I think the book is excellent.</p> <p>Think (<b>dinamičen</b>) – razmišljati o nečem ali nekom</p> <p>I'm thinking about my family / the problems at work.</p>